

WHY PAY RENT? I have a good 4-room brick, with two screen porches, gas, water and good shade, two lots all for \$2000.00. A small payment down, balance like rent. This is a bargain. E. E. PASCOE, 110 N. Center

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN

FOR RENT—Two modern brick cottages, close in; good shade and lawns. E. E. PASCOE, 110 North Center.

TWENTIETH YEAR.

14 PAGES.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 26, 1910.

14 PAGES.

VOL. XX. NO. 310.

SEWER BONDS ARE IN DANGER! DON'T FAIL TO REGISTER! TODAY IS THE LAST OPPORTUNITY!

DOZEN DEAD IN THE FIRE

Which Destroyed a Chicago Furniture House

TWO ARE YET MISSING

Tottering Walls Cause a Suspension of the Search. Story of Young Man Whose Accident Was Responsible For Disaster

Chicago, March 25.—The search for the wreckage for the remaining bodies of those who lost their lives in the Fish Furniture company fire here today was discontinued because of the danger of tottering walls, but not until twelve dead had been recovered and eleven of these had been identified.

While the earlier estimates placed the number of victims trapped on the fourth and fifth floors of the building at twenty, a later and more thorough investigation indicated that there were but sixteen. Two of those escaped, which leaves but two more to be accounted for. The search was abandoned for the day on the report of Chief Building Inspector Short that three of the walls were in a dangerous condition. If these are still standing in the morning the work of removing the debris will be continued. A coroner's jury impounded this afternoon viewed the bodies at the morgue, but the inquest was postponed until April 2. Leo Stoeckel, a clerk of the Fish company, who is said to have started the fire, told his story to Fire Attorney Frank Hogan this afternoon. Although Stoeckel, who is but 29 years old, is admittedly more unfortunate than culpable, Attorney Hogan says he will bring some charge against the young man to insure his attendance at the inquest. Stoeckel was brought before the fire attorney with his hand, which had been burned, swathed in bandages. He appeared heartbroken and told his story with difficulty.

"About 8:45 o'clock this morning," Stoeckel said, "Mr. Mitchell, who is a member of the firm, gave me three pocket cigar lighters and told me to go to the fourth floor and fill them with benzine. I had filled two of the lighters out of the five-gallon can and was working on the third when there was an explosion.

"A sheet of flame almost blinded me. I did not fully regain my senses until I had reached the street. The lighters contained a contrivance to make a spark, but whether I ignited one of them I don't know. I either dropped the can of benzine when the flame shot up in front of me, or it was blown out of my hands."

Following is a list of the identified dead: DARLINGTON, HARRY, aged 49; painter. ANDERSON, ETHEL, aged 18; stenographer. GILL, MINER W.; advertising manager. BURKE, ROSE, aged 17; stenographer. BURDEN, MRS. HANNAH, aged 30; widow; foreman of the folding department. SULLIVAN, LILLIAN, aged 16; folder. GREEN, WILLIAM, aged 21; clerk. LICHTENSTEIN, ETHEL, aged 18; stenographer. MITCHELL, HARRY M.; auditor of company; member of firm; brother-in-law of Simon Fish. McKEATH, V.; aged 18; stenographer. QUINN, GERTRUDE, aged 20; folder. The missing: WARDOW, MARY, aged 29; folder. ST. CLAIR, BERT, aged 28; confidential clerk.

FELL DEAD INTO GRAVE.

Which Had Been Prepared for Burial of His Son.

Pittsburg, March 25.—Louis Zoller, aged 62, a civil war veteran and an Indian scout with Buffalo Bill in the Nevada campaign, attended the funeral of his son today and while standing by the grave he fell dead into the open grave.

PRIEST'S STRANGE DEATH.

Blood Poisoning From Lips of Dying Man to Whom He Was Administering Sacrament.

Indianapolis, March 25.—Rev. John Boersig of Madison is dead of blood poisoning contracted while administering the sacrament to a dying parishioner, a year ago.

The disease was contracted by the inoculation of his fingers, which touched the dying parishioner's lips.

RULES COMMITTEE WENT INTO OFFICE

Washington, March 25.—Without incident, the new rules committee, with Speaker Cannon eliminated, went into office today. Mr. Currier made a motion for an aye and nay vote, to put the insurgents on record on the question of ratifying the action of the caucus.

There were numerous protests, and only a handful rose to support the motion. Speaker Cannon then declared the "vote unanimous," thus putting the insurgents in the light of voting the regular state.

A MOB'S RESENTMENT.

St. Louis, Mo., March 25.—Reverend Jones, a negro, toward a young white woman, a mob stormed the girl and hanged the negro tonight.

BURNED IN THEIR HOME.

Chicago, March 26.—A woman and child are known to be burned to death and several others are believed to have perished in a fire that destroyed a dwelling on the southwest side early this morning.

PROJECTED PIPE LINES FOR ARIZONA TOWNS

FROM THE KERN COUNTY FIELDS.

The Estimated Cost of the Line Will be \$11,000,000.

Los Angeles, March 25.—An oil pipe line will be built between the Kern county oil fields and the principal cities and mining centers of Arizona at a cost of \$11,000,000 or more by the California-Arizona Pipe Line company, just organized by Los Angeles men.

Articles of incorporation of the company, with a capital of \$25,000,000 were filed today at Bakerfield, which will be the headquarters of the organization. E. L. Doherty, Norman Bridge, W. L. Stewart, L. W. Andrews, T. A. O'Donnell, S. W. Morsehead, L. P. St. Clair, J. S. Torrance, C. A. Canfield, J. M. Danziger and Charles Wilborn are the directors.

Asked if there would be a coalition in other business lines of his companies and those interested with him in the pipe line plans, Doherty said: "We are associated in this matter. I don't know to what this association may lead."

The American oil fields, one of Mr. Doherty's companies organized recently with \$25,000,000 capital has spent more than \$2,500,000 for oil lands and begun operations on a big scale.

Preliminary surveys for the line have begun and details for construction will be determined as soon as possible. The main pipe line will be approximately 700 miles in length and of the numerous laterals, will add many miles to the total.

The corporation brings together leading officials of the Union Oil, American Oil Field and the American Petroleum companies and Producers Transportation company and the independent agencies of Kern county and of Coalinga.

FAVORABLE WEATHER MAKES TIMES BETTER

Improvement of Both Commercial and Industrial Conditions.

New York, March 25.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

The week's developments have been generally favorable. Chief among these has been the advent of warm spring weather, which, coupled with the near approach of Easter, has stimulated the retail trade of all markets and allowed an expansion in the building trades and the preparation of ground in the north for planting, the beginning of seeding of grain and cotton in the south and of oats and vegetables in the middle regions of the country.

The industrial situation, too, has measurably improved in the collapse of the sympathetic strike at Philadelphia, the return to work of many thousands of idle hands there and the submitting of the western railroad men's demands to arbitration.

R. G. DUN & CO.

New York, March 25.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

Good weather stimulates a large distribution of merchandise and reports from the leading trade centers, and particularly those in the west and northwest, speak of active markets in most lines. Business in footwear shows some improvement, although the contracts sent in by salesmen on the road are not always as large as expected.

The hide market shows marked strength, with especial firmness in domestic stock.

FIRST CHANCE AT BALLINGER

Sought By "Prosecution" in the Controversy

BIT OF SHARP PRACTICE

Witness For Defense Admits That Alaskan Icebergs As Well As Coal Are of Great Value When Brought to Good Market

Washington, March 25.—The Ballinger-Pinchot inquiry was resumed today after an adjournment of practically two weeks. As soon as the investigating committee met this morning, Attorney Brandeis, representing Louis R. Glavis and others, sprung a surprise by requesting that Secretary Ballinger be called as one of his witnesses. Brandeis said at first that he wished to identify, by Mr. Ballinger, two letters he desired to introduce in evidence at this time.

Questioned further by members of the committee as to his intent he admitted that he desired to conduct a general examination of the accused cabinet official.

Counsel for Mr. Ballinger objected to this and called forth from Brandeis the remark that from his letters he had always supposed Mr. Ballinger to be ready to appear whenever and as often as anyone connected with the inquiry desired. Some members of the committee seemed to think that Mr. Ballinger as the person most interested in the inquiry should have an opportunity to make his statement first, in his own way and not subject himself to a cross examination before being examined in chief. The matter was passed over to be decided later in executive session.

The witness stand was occupied during the entire day by Stephen Birch, managing director of the Morgan-Guggenheim syndicate in Alaska. It was thought at first that Birch's testimony would be largely perfunctory in character and would follow the lines of his recent statement made before the senate committee on territories.

Members of the committee however, became deeply interested in the operations of the Alaska syndicate and they plied the witness with questions from every possible angle. Much of the questioning was intended to show that the Guggenheims practically control Alaska. Birch stoutly denied this. "Well," he was asked, by Representative Graham, "if the Guggenheims got control of the coal lands in Alaska what would there be left?"

Birch said he did not think this was a fair question to ask him. He admitted that the Guggenheims were large, that they had invested some \$15,000,000 already and had contracted for the expenditure of other millions. There had been no returns from the investments as yet but the syndicate had hopes.

As to the Cunningham claims, Birch produced the option that a committee of the claimants had given to Daniel Guggenheim, July 20, 1907. He declared that this option had been accepted by the Guggenheims on December 2 of last year. The claimants, however, had never lived up to it. Cunningham, he said, in January or February of 1908, contended that the Guggenheims themselves had voted the option by changing their railroad base from Katalla to Cordova and furthermore the option was of no effect because a majority of the claimants had never ratified it.

Brandeis sought to show that the Morgans and Guggenheims with their "great power and influence in this country," must have brought pressure to bear during the last two years to get patents granted the Cunningham claimants. Birch declared, however, that he knew of no such efforts.

"What could we have done?" he protested. "Ah, Mr. Birch, you can answer that for better than I," dramatically exclaimed Brandeis.

As to his statement that the coal in Alaska was worth 50 cents a ton and therefore the Cunningham claim represented an actual value of \$25,000,000, Birch declared that it was just as sensible to say the icebergs in Alaska were of inestimable value. Icebergs, he said, would be valuable if they could be brought to market on this country. So it was with the coal, but first the transportation facilities had to be provided.

It was evident today that members of the committee are growing irritable and this irritability extends to the counsel. There were frequent clashes and both Brandeis and Vortrees apologized at the close of the session for impatient remarks.

ETNA'S ANGER IS UNABATED.

Canania, March 25.—Etna is still angry. New craters are forming belching up great columns of smoke and volumes of lava, with continued explosions. The lava flow suddenly changed its course today and the villages of Belpasso and Nicolosi escaped destruction. Dr. Riccio, head of the observatory, narrowly escaped death today when he was surrounded by molten lava. Nevertheless he returned to the lava fields tonight.

Frank Barrett, an American observer sent the following telegram tonight: "The eruption continues unabated. The crater is constantly throwing out liquid fire and rock to a height of 70 meters. It is a magnificent, terrifying spectacle. The lava has flowed seven miles in two days and the stream is advancing steadily, destroying vineyards and houses. Enormous damage has been done."

THE WOOLEN MARKET.

Boston, March 25.—The Commercial Bulletin will say of the wool market tomorrow:

The situation is practically unchanged from last week, as the woolen mills are still the only buyers of importance.

A CAMEL RIDE TO CITY OF THE DEAD

A FURTHER ENTERTAINMENT OF ROOSEVELTS.

Cairo, March 25.—Mounted on camels tendered from the khedive as a mark of special favor, Colonel Roosevelt and Kermit visited the Necropolis of Sakkarah, and Mrs. Roosevelt and Ethel in a more comfortable conveyance explored the ancient tombs of the kings and the sacred bulls, and returned to night and dined with Consul General Jennings.

While at the Necropolis, the privacy of the party was invaded by moving picture men, who rolled back after yard of films as Colonel Roosevelt hustled ahead of the party, who had a hard time to keep up with him.

The ex-president was met by Oscar Straus, minister to Turkey. He denied that his visit was of political significance. Two hundred American visitors greeted to Colonel Roosevelt today. The hotels were never so crowded before. Prince Elie Frederick, son of the kaiser, is here, and hopes to see Colonel Roosevelt.

It is further declared that the jury believes that the books of the Workingmen's bank have been mutilated and pages referring to the deal have been cut from the ledger. Einstein, it is also declared, kept \$5,000 for his services in arranging the deal.

Further declarations of the presentments are that two city clerks were given \$1,000 each and that \$1750 was set apart for newspaper men. Henry Bolger, a saloon keeper, already convicted of bribery, was given \$500 for his services in arranging a meeting between officers of the German National bank and a consul.

It is further declared that John Klein and Joseph Wasson, by their confessions, making possible the exposure, are entitled to great consideration and a reduction of Klein's sentence is urged. It is also recommended that no further indictments have been found against Klein and Wasson for the crimes to which they confessed. The jury declares that the conviction of Stewart and Brand will unravel the entire network of criminal work and disclose the names of all those guilty.

THE GREATEST BATTLE OF THE I. C. COMMISSION

Which Will Determine Its Authority to Fix Rates.

Cincinnati, March 25.—Prominent attorneys representing the federal government are in this city conferring with former Assistant United States Attorney General Wade H. Ellis in preparation for what is regarded as the greatest legal battle of the interstate commerce commission's existence.

The case is set for hearing in the supreme court of the United States on Monday, April 4, and involves the power conferred upon the commission by the Hepburn law to fix rates where railroads are found to be overcharging.

This point is vital toward rendering effective the work of the commission and Mr. Ellis has been especially retained in the case which involves the commission's order reducing the rate for first class matter from the Atlantic to St. Joseph, Omaha and Kansas City. Every railroad in the country will be affected by the decision.

MINING ACCIDENTS.

Death of a Boy in the Homestake Mill.

Lead, S. D., March 25.—Three men were injured by accidents in the Homestake mine today and one was fatally hurt in the company's mill at Central City.

Frank Barker, aged 19, son of Thos. S. Barker of Golden Gate, was caught in a belt in the mill and so badly wounded that he died thirty minutes later.

INCENDIARY FIRE.

Which Destroyed the Mill of the Commonwealth Mine.

Douglas, March 25.—The treating plant of the Commonwealth mine at Pearce, Ariz., just completed yesterday, was burned last night. The owners say the fire was incendiary.

IRON CITY'S FILTHINESS

Further Disclosures of Corruption in Pittsburg

THE BANKS CALLED UPON

To Search Their Directories For Those Members Who Were Engaged in Bribing the Councilmen to Secure City Deposits

Pittsburg, March 25.—An exposure appearing in its details of civic unrighteousness, the indictment of thirty-one present and past councilmen, a demand upon the directors of city departments to investigate their own boards, to ascertain whether there were bribe-givers in connection with the ordinance designating their institutions as city depositories, were features of 14th presentments to the grand jury today. The presentments made a sensational story, an inside history of corruption in the municipal bodies of 1908 and the demand on the banks indicated even more sensational developments than have been made are expected on Monday when the banks, complying with the demands of the jury, make their report.

A further result of the presentments was an order by the comptroller today for the withdrawal of city funds from six banks of nearly \$1,000,000 in these banks. This would be increasing many millions next week by increasing taxes. The withdrawal will be gradual. The institutions will suffer no embarrassment and depositors will be given no cause for alarm.

The presentments give full details of the plot of the councilmen to obtain bribes from six banks, and of the means adopted for paying bribes. A story of the transfer of \$45,000 by an unnamed man to former Councilman Stewart at the Hotel Imperial, New York, was issued today. It was related that Max Leslie, former chairman of the republican committee, received \$25,000 by arrangement between E. Jennings and P. Griffin of the Columbia National bank. Leslie gave William Brand, then president of the common council, directly and indirectly, \$17,500 to obtain the city deposits for the Columbia National. An unnamed man was said to be interested or concerned in the payment of the money by Leslie to Brand, either as an intermediary or principal.

It is declared that Morris Einstein received \$15,000 from the Workingmen's Savings & Trust company to have that bank named as a city depository, but the name of the bank official who paid the money is unknown.

It is further declared that the jury believes that the books of the Workingmen's bank have been mutilated and pages referring to the deal have been cut from the ledger. Einstein, it is also declared, kept \$5,000 for his services in arranging the deal.

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It is further declared that John Klein and Joseph Wasson, by their confessions, making possible the exposure, are entitled to great consideration and a reduction of Klein's sentence is urged. It is also recommended that no further indictments have been found against Klein and Wasson for the crimes to which they confessed. The jury declares that the conviction of Stewart and Brand will unravel the entire network of criminal work and disclose the names of all those guilty.

Today's developments put a new phase on the case of Leslie. Leslie was acquitted of the charge of perjury in connection with the Columbia National bank matter. He denied to the grand jury that he had ever received any money in the deal and he convinced the jury when he was placed on trial that on the day he was alleged to have received the money, he was in New York.

The present grand jury finds that he paid \$17,500 to Brand and that the bank paid Leslie \$25,000 in June, 1908.

SALVATION ARMY CITADEL THREATENED.

Cleveland, March 25.—Two hundred Salvation Army refugees were imperiled tonight when a fire destroyed the neighboring premises, involving a loss of \$200,000. The citadel was threatened and the occupants were hurried to the street by the police.

WEATHER TODAY.

For Arizona—Local rain Saturday, Sunday fair.

STATEHOOD VOTE HAS BEEN PROMISED

Washington, March 25.—Amendments to the statehood bill were reported to the senate today from the committee on territories by Chairman Beveridge. They provide, among other things, that the elections for the ratification of the proposed new states shall be held not earlier than sixty days, nor later than ninety days, after the adjournment of the constitutional convention.

Senator Bailey, it is said, received assurances before adjournment that there would be a vote on statehood.

THE DOUGLAS WATERWORKS.

Washington, March 25.—(Special.)—The senate committee on territories reported favorably today the house bill authorizing Douglas to issue bonds for purchasing waterworks.

KANSAS CITY HOGS AND CATTLE.

Kansas City, March 25.—Two price records were established on the local livestock exchange today, when hogs sold at \$10.87½ per hundred and quartered cattle at \$8.35.

EARLY PERMISSION TO ARIZONA EASTERN

TO USE LOW LINE IN BOX CANYON.

Official Statement by Colonel Randolph at Globe.

Globe, Ariz., March 25.—That the construction of a dam in the Box canyon of the Gila river below San Carlos is held by the department of the interior as impracticable, and that permission to the Arizona Eastern railway to construct a low grade line through the Box canyon is practically assured, was officially announced here today by Colonel Epes Randolph, head of the Southern Pacific lines in Arizona.

According to Colonel Randolph the approval of the profile maps of the railroad and the granting of the right-of-way by the department of the interior is expected within a few days. Immediately on receipt of authority construction work on the new line will be commenced at both ends of the canyon. As the new line from Winkelman to San Carlos will be a part of the new main east and west line of the Southern Pacific, cutting the present line at Lordsburg, the construction promises to be one of the most important pieces of railroad work in the southwest, as the line will be on a water grade for the entire length.

R. S. Lovett, head of the Harriman system, visited this city today in company with Julius Kruttschnitt, Colonel Epes Randolph, J. C. Stubbs and other prominent railroad officials, who are making a tour of all the lines of the Harriman system in the southwest.

KILLED BY A KITE.

San Francisco, March 25.—Entangled in the cords of a monster kite, William Fietzner, aged 17, was dragged over a declivity and fell 250 feet to his death. He was experimenting with "aeroplane kites."

CUADRY AND LILLIS ON DIFFERENT TRAINS

But Pasadena the Destination of Both.

Pasadena, March 25.—Jack Cuadry, the millionaire who had a sensational encounter with Banker Jere Lillis of Kansas City, arrived this afternoon. He gave a Pullman porter a dollar to open the door on the far side. He escaped friends and interviewers alike and rushed to his father's palatial home, where he went into seclusion, in which he will remain, it is said, until the way is paved for his return to his family. Lillis is also on his way here but not on the same train with Cuadry.

THE PRICE OF CATTLE.

Chicago, March 25.—Cattle market strong. Receipts, 1,500 head. Beeves, \$5.75@5.70; Texas steers, \$5.10@5.50; western steers, \$5.00@5.00; stockers and feeders, \$3.80@4.50; cows and heifers, \$2.80@3.25; calves, \$8.25@8.75. Sheep—Market steady. Receipts, 5,000 head. Native, \$5.00@5.10; western, \$5.00@5.10.

NO "DRY" AND "WET" VOTE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 25.—Chicago lost its opportunity to vote on the saloon question at the April election, according to the decision of the election commission tonight. The petition of the "drys" was defective, lacking a sufficient number of signatures.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE ENDS.

Philadelphia, March 25.—Announcing that the Central union will officially end the strike at a meeting on Sunday, the workers who went out in sympathy with the cartoon have arranged to return to work on Monday.

RECHISTERING OF THE SCOUT CRUISER SALEM.

Norfolk, March 25.—The sailing of the scout cruiser Salem was delayed today by an investigation begun by Admiral Dillingham of charges that Captain George Evans is subjecting his men to harsh and cruel treatment. It is alleged that after the words "Evans' Madhouse" were posted on the side of Salem, a sailor undergoing punishment for it leaped overboard. The navy department assigned Admiral Dillingham to investigate.

"EVANS' MADHOUSE."

The Rechristening of the Scout Cruiser Salem.

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FOR :: Souvenir Goods and Arizona Native Stones—Cut or Uncut

N. FRIEDMAN Manufacturing Jeweler and Watch Repairing 33 WEST WASHINGTON ST.